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Sulfur-Mediated Carbohydrate Chemistry: Use of *ortho*-Thioquinones and α,α'-Dioxothiones.

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Abstract. α -O-Glycosides obtained by regio and stereocontrolled [4+2] cycloadditions, are suitable substrates for the stereoselective synthesis of 2-deoxy-O-arylglycosides and β -O-alkylglycosides.

The easy access to alkyl and aryl phthalimidesulfenyl derivatives, synthetic precursors of the highly reactive α,α' -dioxothiones and *ortho*-thioquinones, allowed the successful use of 1,2-glycals as electron rich dienophiles in inverse electron demand [4+2] cycloadditions¹ (Scheme 1)

Scheme 1

Since the cycloadditions are total regioselective and highly stereoselective the major products formed are α -O-glycosides².

The potential of the α -O-glycosyl compounds we prepared is wide; in particular we studied the ring opening of the adducts at carbon 1 and carbon 2 (Scheme 2).

The treatment of cycloadducts 2 (α isomer) with a suspension of Raney/Nichel in dry THF at room temperature yielded the 2-deoxy-O-glycoside 3 in 68% yield. It is noteworthy that the formation of 2-deoxy-O-glycosides with this sequence completely avoids the formation of C-glycosides.

Another successful result was achieved in the acid catalysed reactions of 4 with nucleophiles.

The acetyl derivatives 4, prepared by reduction with LiAlH₄ of 1 and subsequent protection of the allilic alcohol obtained, revealed to be a suitable substrate for a glycosyl transfer reaction which occurred with the total stereocontrol of the nucleophilic attack. Indeed *iso* propyl alcohol affords the β -O-glycoside 5 as single product. Other oxygen nucleophiles behave similarly, while sulfur or carbon nucleophiles give different results.

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